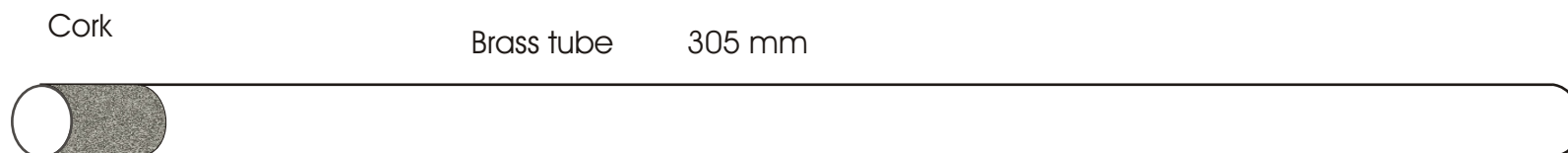


An experiment to determine the Effective Volume of a Classical Alto Sax Mouthpiece

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1/22/10

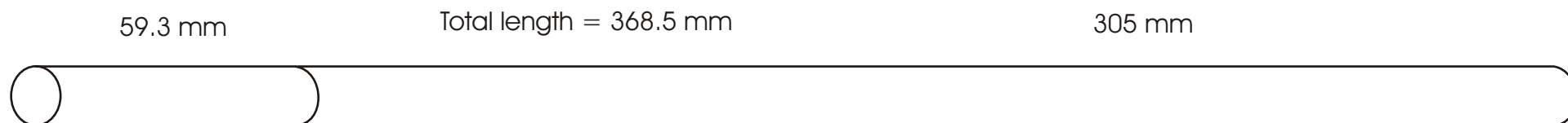
$D = 14 \text{ mm}$
 $r = 7 \text{ mm}$



Resonant Frequency slightly sharp C#4
Pitch 282.8 vps Wavelength 1220 mm

Length of closed cylinder = wavelength/4
Length of cylinder 305 mm

Pitch of cylinder with mouthpiece 28.2 mm on to cork A#3 + 7 = 234 vps wavelength 1474 mm
Length of cylinder having this resonant frequency $1474/4 = 368.5 \text{ mm}$



End correction of cylinder = $.6 \times 7\text{mm} = 4.2 \text{ mm}$ $368.5 - 4.2 = 364.3 \text{ mm}$ $364.3 - 305 = 59.3 \text{ mm}$

Volume of 59.3 mm cylinder = $59.3 \times 3.14 \times 49 = 9.13 \text{ ml}$

Mouthpiece (Rousseau 4R) physical volume **12.4 cc** shank diameter 15.8 mm radius 7.9 mm

Volume displaced by insertion on to cork 28.2 mm $3.14 \times 62.41 \times 28.2 = 5.53 \text{ cc}$

Physical mouthpiece volume used **12.4** - 5.53 = 6.87 cc

Volume of added cylinder 9.13 ml Volume of mouthpiece used 6.87 cc Difference 2.26 cc

Conclusion

The **effective volume** of Rousseau 4R mouthpiece is **2.26 ml** or 33 % larger than its measured **physical volume** when inserted 28.2 mm on to a tube with the length of 305 mm

*A previous study with the mouthpiece 10 mm on to the cork showed an increase of **2.38 ml** which amounted to a 23 % increase.*